YATSI

Young Academy of Technology, Science, and Innovation



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Akademiet for de Tekniske Videnskaber

A Danish Technical Academy for Early-Career Professionals (ECPs)

- Why? General interest in enhancing engagement between "young" scientists and researchers working in both academia & industry
- Bottom-up initiative (ECP-driven with ~40 members within 6–8 years)
- Affiliation with a "senior" academy, but otherwise mostly operated autonomously
- Third-party sponsorship (approx. 150k EUR/year)

- Motivation # 1 Desire to build more (and new) bridges between diverse set of ECPs working in both higher education & industrial settings
- Motivation # 2 Professional network not only for Danish ECPs but importantly also inclusive towards large body of internationals working in the technical and natural sciences across DK
- Motivation # 3 Two-way exchange of ideas & initiatives between industrial partner organisations & basic research groups from within academia



RANCE

Young Academy of Denmark

- Established in 2011
- Independent unit under the main academy: Royal Danish Academy of Sciences & Letters
- Member of:
 - SAPEA (Science Advice for Policy by European Academies)
 - YASAS (Young Academies Science Advice Structure)
 - ENYA (European National Young Academies)
 - Nordic-Baltic Network of Young Academies
- Main raison d'être is to bring together young scientists (usually assistant to associate professor level) from all branches of science

• Agenda:

- To strengthen basic research and interdisciplinary exchange
- To play a role in the political landscape & amplify voice of young scientists in the public debate
- To unite science & society through, e.g., outreach activities



Meetings & Academy Structure

- Meetings in Copenhagen once a month at the premises of the Royal Danish Academy of Sciences & Letters (incl. external speaker from, e.g., research politics or Danish media)
- Meetings & activities are arranged by DUA members and/or its executive committees
- Administrative support from the main academy
- Financial support from the Carlsberg Foundation
- Three standing committees:
 - Science/Research Politics
 - Dissemination of Science
 - Interdisciplinary Collaboration

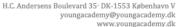
CARLSBERG FOUNDATION

Royal Danish Academy of Sciences & Letters (Copenhagen)



Academy Activities

DET UNGE AKADEMI Det Kongelige Danske Videnskabernes Selskab





Research Environment of the Year 2022

Junior researchers can now nominate their research environment for the Danish Young Academy's Research Environment of the Year 2022 award and win DKK 10,000 for an academic or social event.

Good research environments foster better research. At the Danish Young Academy, we know how important a good research community is for young researchers' talent development. For this reason, we have launched an award that recognizes the importance of good research environments for scientists' and scholars' work, performance and well-being. Our aim is to inspire a conversation about what characterizes a good research environment. You can nominate your research environment for the Research Environment of the Year 2022 award. The prize is DKK 10,000 for an academic or social event together with your research environment.

Who can nominate a research environment?

To nominate your research environment for the award, you must be at least two or more researchers at the academic level of master student, PhD student, postdoc or assistant professor and employed at a Danish research institution.

How do we assess the nominated research environments?

We find it particularly important that young researchers receive supervision and have opportunities for development. There are several ways of supporting these aims. For example, a good research environment may foster excellence and creativity in research, it may allow for the testing of new ideas, and it may promote collaboration and support the well-being and mental health of all members of the community. We look forward to hearing what a good research environment means

How do we define a "research environment"?

- It may be a research group with a supervisor and two or more PhD students
- It may take on a horizontal or vertical structure
- It may be a digital and/or physical environment
- It may be a formal or informal natural

Public debate @ Folkemødet ('The People's Meeting') 2021



KRONIKEN

Forskningsfriheden i Danmark er under pres

DET LINGE AKADEM

Forskningsfriheden er under stigende pres fra politikere, erhvervsmæssige interessenter og vores egne ledelser på universiteterne. Det er afgørende, at vi vender den udvikling med konkrete tiltag for at sikre forskningsfriheden.

Se liste over medlemmer af Det Unge

sefrihed og ytringsfrihed, kerneelemen-ter i et oplyst demokrati. Vores velstand og velfærd er afhængige af stærk og fri grundforskning samt anvendt forskning. Forskningsfrihed er også en forudsæt ning for, at vi kan imødegå samfundsmæssige udfordringer og kriser effektivt

Vi er alle yngre forskere ansat ved forskellige institutter på landets universitehumanistiske, og vi er bekymrede over det skred, vi i de senere år har været vidner til her i landet: Forskningsfriheden er under stigende pres fra politikere, erervsmæssige interessenter og vores eg ne ledelser på universiteterne. Det er afgørende, at vi vender den udvikling med konkrete tiltag for at sikre forskningsfri-

Begrebet forskningsfrihed dækker over forskeres ret til at bestemme emne formulere forskningsspørgsmål, indkredse materiale, anvende teorier, samt vælge og udvikle metoder, såvel som til a offentliggøre hypoteser, argumenter og

senest eksemplificeret ved coronakrisen ter – naturvidenskabelige, tekniske, sundhedsvidenskabelige, samfundsfaglige og

Den frie, ubundne forskning i Danforskningsfriheden, nemlig frihed til at Den indebærer endvidere en vidtræk forske og frihed fra at blive underlagt andres autoritet. Lad os begynde med de

kende ytringsfrihed for den enkelte for sker. Forskningsfriheden er aldrig fuldstændig. Den vil altid være begrænset på forskellig vis. Men det står alvorligt til fo mark er presset. Tegning: Philip Ytournel eller økonomiske interesser. Den indebæ-MAN KAN SKELNE mellem to aspekter af ningsmæssig uafhængighed, dyder som

af gode grunde afhænger af. Trusler mod denne type forskningsfrisidste, friheden fra, som også kaldes ne-Negativ forskningsfrihed forudsætter. per med religiøs magt til grupper med

grænsninger, også selv om deres resulta- | økonomisk magt. I praksis udgår de dog ter måtte stride mod eventuelle politiske især fra politisk, bureaukratisk, erhvervsmæssig og ledelsesmæssig side. Det kan rer altså armslængdeprincipper og forsk- være gennem kontrakter med eksterne partnere. Flere af landets universiteter den brede offentlige tillid til forskningen har i de senere år indgået kontrakter

direkte krænkede forskeres forsknings hed kan i princippet udgå fra alle aktører, frihed, ophavsret og ytringsfrihed, også der kan begrænse forskningen – fra grup- kaldet 'dobbelte mundkuryskontrakter' dende information. Ved den såkaldte okekødsskandale blev en rapport bestilt a Landbrug & Fødevarer og udarbejdet af forskere ved Aarhus Universitet. Rapporten konkluderede feilagtigt, at klimabe lastningen ved oksekødforbrug var lave re end ved f.eks. kaffe, alkohol og slik lagt sammen. Journalister på Information a slørede, at Danish Crown og Landbrug & Fødevarer havde blandet sig i udarbejdel sen af rapporten og i formidlingen af dens resultater. Rapporten blev siden

INDSKRÆNKNING af den negative forskningsfrihed kan også komme i form af tioners forsøg på at lægge pres på forske re til at afholde sig fra at formidle resulta ter, der ikke huer dem.

DM's undersøgelse af forskningsfrihed Danmark fra januar 2020 viste, at hvei ottende af de forskere, der besvarede un dersøgelsen, havde oplevet pres for at ændre eller tilbageholde forskningsresultater. Forskere ved de naturvidenska belige fakulteter oplevede størst pres, og set kom oftest fra eksterne partner eller myndigheder.

Senest har Bæredygtigt Landbrug truk ket vandmiljøforsker Stijg Markager i ret ten for ærekrænkelser pga. hans udtalelser om stigende kvælstofudledning fra

Viewpoint published in Danish newspaper *Politiken* on 29 October 2021

Membership Model

- Members are admitted once a year a membership lasts for 5 years
- 7–9 members admitted yearly with steady-state of approx. 40 members in total
- Members are elected based on application/motivation & scientific excellence
- It furthermore remains a priority to have a balanced representation between scientific disciplines, universities, genders, and academic/research profiles



YATSI — Young Academy of Technology, Science, and Innovation

- New academy to be launched in 2023
- Independent academy unit loosely affiliated with the main body:
 Danish Academy of Technical Sciences
- Same membership model as Young Academy of Denmark, but English as lingua franca & alternating meeting venues across DK
- Major focus on bringing together ECPs exclusively from the technical & natural sciences, working in both higher education and industry
- Intention is furthermore to advocate for stronger funding in support of science & innovation as a *driver for economic growth* in DK (and EU)
- Agenda:
 - To strengthen the professional exchange between ECPs
 - not only in academia but also within industry
 - To unite *science & industry*



Main differences/interplay between YATSI & Young Academy of Denmark

Young Academy of Denmark



All scientific disciplines



Royal Danish Academy of Sciences & Letters



Science & society



Interdisciplinarity, public dissemination, and general science/research politics

<u>YATSI</u>

Technical & natural sciences + industry



Danish Academy of Technical Sciences



Science & industry



Entrepreneurship, innovation, industrial adaption of academic basic research



An academy is what its members makes it.